



For Browder's Freedom: Reproduced above is card issued by the Communist Party for the freedom of Earl Browder. In red, white and blue colors, the card, approximately the same size as the above, can be worn in the lapel of a coat. It is part of the Communist Party's efforts to win freedom for its outstanding leader.

Fulfill Our Pledge to The Daily Worker 100%

By Roy Hudson

An increased circulation of the Daily Worker means a stronger fight against fascism and for the security of the United States.

This is true because the establishment of an anti-fascist people's front requires the existence of a paper that is loyal to the interests of labor and the people and that champions the world struggle against fascism. The Daily Worker is such a paper—the only one in the country.

This is why the National Committee of the Communist Party has pledged to help increase the circulation of the Daily Worker 50 per cent in the next three months. This is a pledge first of all to help strengthen the fight against fascism, and to rally the American people for full collaboration with the Soviet and British peoples to secure the military defeat of fascism.

Failure to help increase the Daily Worker would mean failure to completely fulfill our responsibilities to the heroic Red Army and to the Soviet peoples and British people as well as to the peoples suffering under the yoke of fascism. Above all, failure to increase the circulation of the Daily Worker would mean to neglect the security and defense of the United States. Finally, it will mean that we are not carrying forward with utmost energy and speed the campaign for the immediate unconditional release of the leader of the Communist Party, Earl Browder.

In making this pledge we also undertook to make the circulation of the Daily Worker a major political question, receiving the same attention from the Communist Party that all major questions should receive. It must be recognized that for months we have continued to treat the Daily Worker as a secondary question.

Every State Secretary has pledged to accept personal responsibility for the realization of this pledge insofar as it applies to his state organization. Responsibility has been established and accepted and the membership of the Party will undoubtedly give every State Secretary full cooperation in realizing his personal pledge. Likewise, the Party membership will rightly expect that each State Secretary, in accordance with his pledge, will take direct responsibility for all phases of the drive.

It goes without saying that every member in every state also has a direct personal responsibility. Above all, the membership and leadership in New York are confronted with a special test, with special responsibilities. Not only has New York the largest membership of any state organization, but the Daily Worker is more easily available to them than any other state. Therefore New York has the responsibility of setting the example to other state organizations, in securing a maximum increase in circulation.

We have given our pledge. The word of a Communist is his bond. Our pledge to the Daily Worker must and will be fulfilled 100 per cent!

Local 3 Set for Citywide Strike Over Edison Work

50,000 Construction Workers Involved; Union Demands Agreement With Trust; Vote Strike Action Unanimously; 23 Crafts Affected

The New York Building and Construction Trades Council announced yesterday that it would call a general strike of all construction jobs in the metropolitan district if the consolidated Edison Company does not come to terms with Local 3 of the Electrical Workers Union.

The strike would take 150,000 building tradesmen off the job, said Council representatives.

Thomas A. Murray, president of the Council, expects to take a committee of eight building trades leaders to the company's offices today to get the management's answer.

EDISON WALKOUT LOOMS
If the Edison firm refuses to hire members of Local 3 on the Water-side and Sherman power house projects at 39th St. and First Ave. and 201st St. and Ninth Ave., respectively, the Council has promised to call out its men on every city construction job.

"We will strike wherever we come in contact with the Edison company," said a Council leader yesterday. "That means on every job," he added, "for Edison cables are connected with every building in the city."

The Council's decision was taken at a meeting of representatives of

23 different building crafts at the headquarters at 172 Madison Ave. yesterday morning and early afternoon.

VOTE UNANIMOUSLY

Delegates voted unanimously for strike action after a ringing speech by Harry Van Arsdale, Jr., business manager of Local 3, on the necessity of unity of all building tradesmen before the employers.

President Murray then spoke as follows: "This is a vital problem that affects the work of every affiliated member of the Building and Construction Trades Council."

"Complete unity of the Council is necessary for the welfare of all its members. I urge unanimous endorsement of the program of Local 3."

Regardless of what the Council does, however, members and officers

(Continued on Page 4)

NAZIS HURLED BACK ON LENINGRAD FRONT

Daily Worker

PEOPLES CHAMPION OF

LIBERTY, PROGRESS, PEACE AND PROSPERITY

Vol. XVIII, No. 169

NEW YORK, WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1941

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the Act of March 3, 1879. (8 Pages) Price 5 Cents

33 INDICTED AS NAZI SPIES; U. S. ACCUSES GERMAN GOV'T

Charged With Transmitting Defense Data

Face 22 Years, \$10,000 Fines; Espionage Was Worldwide

(By United Press)
A Federal Grand Jury yesterday named "the government of the German Reich" as a co-conspirator with 33 men and women indicted on charges of espionage against the United States.

The Grand Jury, in Brooklyn Federal Court, charged 31 of the defendants, all of whom were rounded up last month, with failure to register as agents of a foreign power and the entire 33 with transmitting United States defense information to a foreign power.

In count one of the indictment detailing the alleged ring's espionage practices, the 33 defendants were accused of conspiring "with each other and with the government of the German Reich" to violate section 238 of title 22 of the United States Code.

One of the defendants, all of whom face maximum penalties ranging up to 22 years imprisonment and \$10,000 fine each, was arraigned shortly after the indictment was made public. The others will be arraigned Friday.

WORLDWIDE RING

The defendants included two men who formerly worked in United States bomb sight factories, a professional spy with a record dating back to before the World War, Frederick Joubert Duquesne; several alleged "couriers" who worked on transatlantic passenger liners, a Pan-American Clipper steward accused of smuggling platinum to the Axis, and three women.

The spy ring, according to the indictment, had its inception April 1, 1936, when the German Government, through a network which had ramifications "throughout the world," started "collecting and receiving information and material from the United States of a military, naval, commercial and industrial nature."

From April 1, 1936, to the present, the indictment said, the defendants operated for Germany at Detroit, Santa Monica, Calif.; Budapest, Hungary; Stockholm, Sweden; Berlin, Bremen and Hamburg in Germany; Coimbra and Lisbon, Portugal; Genoa, Milan and Rome in Italy; Santos, Sao Paulo and Rio de Janeiro in Brazil; Lima, Peru; Madrid, Shanghai and "at other places to the Grand Jurors unknown."

The indictment detailed what

(Continued on Page 4)

500 Axis Consul Officials on Boat for Lisbon

The U. S. Naval Transport West Point anchored in New York harbor last night with 500 Axis consular and other officials aboard, after the arrival by chartered planes of more German and Italian deserters from the West Coast.

Three chartered planes, filled with German consular officials, their families and attaches, and of fiscal luggage, arrived at La Guardia Field at 8:30 P. M. EDT, to be met by a Coast Guard cutter which took them from the field to the West Point, waiting to sail for Lisbon.

(Continued on Page 4)

CIO Cracks Republic Steel; Contract to Affect 41,630

(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)
WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15.—The CIO today cracked wide open the anti-labor front of the Little Steel companies as Republic Steel agreed to negotiate a signed contract with the Steel Workers Organizing Committee and to reinstate more than 2,000 workers fired for union activity.

A total of 41,630 workers will be covered by a single collective bargaining agreement in all Republic Steel plants where a cross-check of union membership cards with payrolls has shown a SWOC majority. This includes iron ore mines in Minnesota and Michigan.

The agreement to negotiate a contract came in the form of a stipulation signed by the SWOC, the National Labor Relations Board and Republic Steel settling all Labor Board cases against the company pending approval of the Circuit Court of Appeals in Philadelphia.

Republic agreed in the stipulation to abolish its company unions in the Buffalo, N. Y.; Monroe, Mich.; and Chicago, Ill., plants. Company unions will also be abolished in the Ohio plants but this was made mandatory by a recent Supreme Court decision upholding an NLRB order, and was not included in the stipulation.

With the CIO victory over Republic Steel, the road was paved toward SWOC contracts with all of the Little Steel companies which waged a bitter and bloody fight against the union during the 1937 strike.

Similar stipulations were signed recently with the SWOC by Youngstown Sheet, Bethlehem Steel and Inland Steel. Together with Republic Steel, these were the major companies involved in the Little Steel strike.

Little Steel and the Ford Motor Company have long been the nation's biggest anti-union citadels, and both of these corporate groups are now successfully being brought under CIO contracts—Weirton Steel is now the major remaining hold-out among the big anti-labor corporations, the Labor Board recently ordered this company to cease and desist from its reign of terror against the SWOC, but Weirton Steel countered by signing a contract with a company union.

Labor Board officials said they were contemplating asking for a court order to enforce their decision, but that no definite action has as yet been taken.

TO NEGOTIATE CONTRACT
The CIO summarized the main features of its SWOC agreement with Republic Steel as follows:

1. Republic Steel will negotiate a signed contract with SWOC in all plants where a cross-check of union membership cards with payrolls shows a SWOC majority. This includes iron ore mines in Minnesota and Michigan.
2. All plants where SWOC shows a majority will be treated as a single collective bargaining unit. Petitions for similar certification in other plants can be made.

(Continued on Page 2)

(Continued on Page 4)

Talmadge's Hitlerism Is Defied by Progressive White Educators in South

By Ben Davis, Jr.

On July 14, 1941—78 years after Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation—Governor Talmadge of Georgia uttered these words:

"Any unintelligent white man, if he is white, is better than the best educated n—r on earth. I hope the children of the future will be able to attend Georgia schools and be able to sit down without finding a n—r beside them." (The blanks are ours, not Talmadge's.—B. D.)

This language exhibition of Hitlerism by Talmadge is nothing like the fascist

state of affairs which they are calculated to hide.

Acting like a pint-sized dictator, Talmadge has just secured the removal of two members of the Board of Regents because, as Talmadge's flunkies on the Board said, they were "advocating racial equality."

Thus in certain sections of the United States, where the anti-fascist will of the people is virtually nullified by reactionary state officials, it is a crime to believe in the simple and elementary rights vouchsafed by the Constitution. One is not

(Continued on Page 3)

Heavy Fighting On All Sectors

Wipe Out Panzers 'Section By Section'

MOSCOW, Wednesday, July 16 (UP).—The Soviet High Command reported today that German mechanized forces driving to within 145 miles of Leningrad had been "hurled back westward" in a fierce battle in which Nazi Panzer units were encircled and wiped out "section by section."

The important Soviet victory blasting at least temporarily the Nazi spearhead south of Leningrad followed official reports that the Red Army in its biggest counter-offensive of the war had driven the Germans back nearly 20 miles from the Dvina River protecting the Soviet defense line on the central front about 350 miles from Moscow.

The report of the 20-mile Soviet counter-drive was contained in a front-line dispatch to the official government newspaper Ivestia and today's communique, describing Tuesday's operations, said the Germans still were being held on the central front in savage fighting.

On the Leningrad front, in the Vitebsk sector 290 miles west of Moscow and on the Ukrainian front west of Kiev "big battles" were said to be in progress and it was admitted that losses were heavy on both sides.

In the Vitebsk sector, the latest Red Army communique said, German Panzer forces are "trying in vain" to drive eastward.

In the Novograd-Volynsk sector, 125 miles west of Kiev the Russians said they were unleashing counter-attacks against a "penetration" of German troops trying to push eastward to the rescue of a spearhead of tanks.

FACE ANNIHILATION

This advance tank force, presumably facing encirclement and annihilation somewhere close to Kiev, was said to be "in a difficult position."

The communique admitted that the German forces on the northern wing of the long front, those striking toward Leningrad, had pushed to the vicinity of Pskov, an important railroad town 145 miles directly south of Leningrad and 40 miles eastward of Pskov.

Earlier communiques had told of fighting around Pskov, lying just east of Lake Peipus and about 45 miles farther from Leningrad than Pskov.

PANZERS ENCIRCLED

By striking eastward to the Pskov region, before being "hurled back westward," the German mechanized forces apparently were striving to slice the vital railroad communications between Moscow and Leningrad.

In the Pskov-Porkhov region, where Soviet forces encircled and destroyed German Panzer forces "section by section"

(Continued on Page 4)

FDR Raps Appeasement Drive for Hitler 'Peace'

Munich Campaign Linked to Lindbergh, Wheeler Gets Sharp Repudiation From President; Welles Approves Blast by LaGuardia

By Adam Lapin
(Daily Worker Washington Bureau)

WASHINGTON, July 15.—President Roosevelt today led off a stinging administration attack on a new Hitler-inspired appeasement drive which is reported here to be in the offing.

The President told his press conference that big-people persons who were not in the government have been urging people to write into Washington proposing some kind of peace move at the present time.

He declared that some of those persons who have accepted this suggestion to write in were well-meaning, but that the proposal for a peace move at this time appeared to originate from a foreign source.

The President said that proposals of this kind for peace moves have been made both in regard to the Eastern war and the Western war. This was taken as a reference to proposals that the United States

(Continued on Page 4)

Soviet Pact Is 'Potent' Alliance, Says Churchill

Tells Commons Accord Is 'Solemn Agreement' for United Action Against Common Foe; Also Talks on Position in Mid-East

LONDON, July 15 (UP).—Prime Minister Winston Churchill announced today that Britain's new accord with the Soviet Union is an actual and "potent" fighting alliance which, with the collapse of French resistance in Syria, has dealt Adolf Hitler a double-barreled blow.

Speaking before the House of Commons, Churchill said that "of course" the pact with the Soviets is an alliance, but he emphasized that Britain still refuses to fight

the battle of Communism and remains fundamentally opposed to the Bolshevik creed.

Churchill repeated as the official government attitude a statement of General Jan Christian Smuts, Premier of South Africa, that none can say that Britain is "now in league with the Communists" and is fighting the battle of Communism.

"More fitly can the neutralists and fence-sitters be charged with fighting the battle of Nazism," Churchill told the members of Commons.

"If Hitler in his insane megalomania has driven Russia to fight him in self-defense, we bless her arms and wish her all success without identifying ourselves with her Communist creed."

"Hitler made her his enemy and not us friendly to her creed, just as previously he made her his friend without embracing her Communism."

The mutual aid pact with the Soviet Government, signed in Mos-

(Continued on Page 4)

Red Army's Deeds Smash DNB's Wild 'Victory' Words

Washington Press Circles Are Beginning to Change Their Tone Regarding Fighting Qualities of Soviet Forces

By Oakley Johnson

A new tone in discussions of the Soviet-Nazi war is beginning to be discernible in our nation's capital.

The Lindbergh influence, which prevailed there in the earlier weeks of the war, is being sloughed off, and the clearer judgment of re-thinking—helped not a little by the Red Army's brilliant performance in battle, and also by the straightforward, fighting speech of Premier Joseph Stalin—is finding voice.

Confirmation of this is to be found in the unofficial but authoritative United States News, in whose current number (bearing the date, July 15) we read the following:

"One more crucial period in the Russian-German war appears to be approaching.

"In the first period: Germans made large territorial gains. But: They didn't destroy Russian armies; didn't accomplish their main purpose.

"In the second period: Germans will try again to encircle and 'slice up' Russian armies; will aim at a decision that would leave Russia helpless.

"Thing to watch is the ability of the Russian forces to land blows without being embraced by Nazi pincers. That takes fast and skillful footwork.

"It's still too early for optimism, in opinion of informed military sources. It's wishful thinking to regard German gains to date as a virtual defeat.

"Of course: The whole future direction of this war depends on what happens in Russia during the weeks just ahead, during July-to-September period."

MORE RESPECTFUL NOW

The main developments of the military conflict, and the valor and devotion shown by the Red Army men, we learn from the communiqués issued by the Soviet Information Bureau. So far as knowing what happens on the battlefronts is concerned, we do not stand in need of further sources.

But it is gratifying to find confirmation of these developments in other quarters, and among the latter we must include the German High Command's communiqués and the official DNB news dispatches from the front. For they cannot entirely conceal the valor of the foe they face nor the quality and quantity of his weapons. Along with these we may place the news dispatches of Berlin's satellites, notably Rome and Vichy.

Only last night, following the most extravagant claims by Berlin, we learn from a United Press dispatch from Vichy that "on the basis of information available in Vichy, there had been no change on the Eastern Front in the past 24 hours."

The dispatch, based on statements by a French military analyst, continued thus:

"The Germans were unsuccessful in all attempts to cross the Dnieper River and were held in fierce battles between the Dnieper and Dniestr, the analyst said, commenting on the basis of communiqués issued by both sides. He said the Germans now were trying to turn the Dnieper from the North, where it loops.

"The Germans also were said to have been repulsed in an attempt to cross the Dnieper River in Northern Bessarabia."

NAZI ADMISSIONS

Last night's United Press Berlin dispatches with, on the one hand, ambiguous claims, and on the other hand, startling admissions of the strength of Soviet equipment.

While DNB says the Germans have "not yet captured the whole city" of Kiev and assert that Leningrad is in "imminent peril," allegations which are not confirmed by the German High Command, we are given a description of the Stalin Line as "steel and concrete Russian defense works equipped with underground compartments," and are told of "a fleet of hundreds of giant Russian tanks of 50 to 70 tons equipped in some instances with six-inch guns."

It appears that "heavy Russian counter-attacks by tanks, artillery and infantry before Kiev" have been made.

Besides, "The Soviet forts were said to have been so well camouflaged as to be 'COMPLETELY UNRECOGNIZABLE' and the forts fitted with revolving steel gun turrets." In these turrets and forts, the Germans complained, there were concealed Soviet sharpshooters who poured a "hall of fire upon the advancing German soldiers from the closest range."

ADMIT FLANK ATTACKS

In addition, the Germans are very frequently engaged, it appears in "crushing" Soviet counter-attacks, according to their own accounts, sometimes told in language obviously meant to conceal an unfavorable situation. For example, DNB claimed yesterday, as quoted by the United Press, "Soviet RESISTANCE ON THE GERMAN FLANKS" was broken everywhere with tremendous losses in Soviet men and materials.

Now, when an invading army is "crushed"—or shall we be frank

about it, and say "attacked"—on BOTH FLANKS, it looks as if that army were experiencing considerable discomfort, to say the least.

Of this we may be sure: When the German people find out how bravely and devotedly the Soviet people are fighting to protect their Socialist homeland, they are not going to feel proud of their Nazi bosses. They will kick out Adolf Hitler and his whole Nazi system of chauvinism and robbery and torture and war. The German workers themselves will give German fascism and the final blow.

Urge Congress To Hold Army 'For Duration'

FDR Pushes Fight for Extension of Time in Service

(Continued from Page 1)

sia has been based on anticipated failure of the countries concerned properly to prepare against invasion.

"They have in each case launched an overwhelming force against an unprepared army," he added.

Answering congressional criticism that extension of the period of service of the army's temporary soldiers would constitute a breach of faith, Paterson said the international picture has worsened since the Selective Service Act was passed.

He insisted that to demobilize the army now or in the uncertain future would "be to court disaster."

"Such a situation," he said, "is unthinkable."

Marshall, in testimony before the Senate Military Affairs Committee last week, urged Congress to declare a national emergency and defend the controversial War Department legislation. He appeared at a closed session and an edited version of his testimony was made public today.

Army Generals Named to Speed Aid to Britain

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UP).—The Administration today assigned two army generals to the division of defense aid in the Office of Emergency Management to speed the flow of munitions and food to Great Britain.

Brig. Gen. S. P. Spalding, production expert formerly in the office of Undersecretary of War Robert P. Patterson, was named to supervise the flow of munitions, eliminating shortages and delays. He recently returned from Canada and Great Britain, where he studied armament production.

Red Army Heroism Told in Communiques

(Wireless to Intercontinent News)

MOSCOW, July 15.—Red Army fighters fiercely contesting every inch of soil to the Nazi invaders at the front and in the enemy's rear are singled out for exceptional heroism in this morning's communique of the Soviet Information Bureau.

The section of the communique dealing with their exploits follows: Corporal Sedin's section met in the enemy rear four fascist ammunition trucks and three trucks with infantry. By coordinated machine gun and rifle fire, the section stopped the trucks.

The fascist soldiers attempted to surround the daring Red Army men but every one of the enemy's attempts to move forward cost him several lives. When the enemy's forces were broken, the section rushed into the attack and routed the enemy. The Red Army men were unable to take the enemy ammunition trucks to their unit and, therefore, blew them up.

Three hours later eight German provision trucks stopped near the huge crater formed by the shells on the road. When they heard machine gun rat-tat coming from the forest the truckdrivers and soldiers abandoned their trucks and fled. The Red Army men destroyed these trucks as well.

"Five German tanks forced their way to a railway station near the front. The fascists intended to blow up the entrance to the rail-

Soviet Press Bares 'Unparalleled' Nazi Atrocities

(Wireless to Intercontinent News)

MOSCOW, July 15.—The Soviet press publishes numerous facts of atrocities, unparalleled in the history of mankind, which have been perpetrated by the fascists on the Soviet territory invaded by them.

On June 22, at dawn, German guns opened a direct fire on the peaceful Soviet frontier city of Breve. Some days later the German fascists broke into a sanitarium in Augustov. This was a sanitarium opened by the Soviet Government for workers, collective farmers and Soviet intelligentsia of Byelo-Russia. The German fascists raped all the women in the Sanitarium and afterwards the mutilated and crippled victims were shot.

Women, children and old people were moving from the city along a highway in the direction

of Mogilev. The German air-men opened fire on the defenseless people. The mournful and silent stream of people on the road presented an excellent target for the German airmen.

In captured Byelo-Russian villages and towns, the German fascists shot down, raped and plundered the Byelo-Russian people.

In the Vgorn District, a wife of a Soviet worker was raped and then transfused on a bayonet. In the presence of a shocked and horrified father, the German fascists opened machine-gun fire on a 14-year-old boy who nevertheless managed to escape and hide in a nearby forest.

HORRIBLE PLUNDER

In Smolevichl, the fascists drove all the inhabitants onto the square; in the meantime the soldiers broke into the empty houses and began unrestrained, horrible

plunder.

In the town of Cherven, a Fascist tank group entered with red flags, pretending to be friends. When the Soviet people came out to meet them they were all shot down then and there by guns and machine-guns.

The people who managed to escape from Lvov, occupied by German troops, related that the population was so terrorized by violence and murders that they are afraid to appear on the streets even in the day time.

Rifle and machine-gun fire is heard day and night. It is the German occupiers shooting those whom they suspect of sympathy for Soviet power.

A large number of citizens have gone into the forests to join the guerrilla detachments. Their surprise lightning blows strike panic and fear among the German

troops.

The Gestapo is "working" at full speed. Raids, searches are made in the city daily, hundreds of people are thrown into prison, shot and hung at the crossroads.

A considerable section of the population has been driven by the fascists into the hinterland into concentration camps, forced to build fortifications.

The Germans treat their prisoners of war and the wounded Red Armymen like slaves. The prisoners are subjected to refined outrages.

RESISTANCE BY GUERRILLAS

Despite the brutal terror the guerrilla movement is daily growing stronger in all districts occupied by the enemy. The irregulars damage telegraph and telephone, set fire to warehouses, forests, open fire on enemy transports and troops. A detachment

of irregulars blew up a bridge spanning the Pich River. For a whole day they held back the advance of the enemy who was bringing up considerable forces.

In a certain district the peasants pulled up the railroad track and hauled away the rails to the marshes and forest.

In the Polotne District a detachment of 60 men set fire to German tanks, shot down German infantry on the roads and in the villages.

The Secretary of the Dombrov District Committee of the Communist Party, Concharov, together with all the members of his Party organization went into ambush and ruthlessly destroyed the German marauders. Encircled by enemies, the whole Party organization fought up to the very last and died the death of heroes in the unequal battle.

The irregulars report that in the occupied districts the Germans hold away only where the fascist tanks pass through on the roads and even then not everywhere. Four days ago three German tanks broke into the town of Pinsk. The fascists forgot to take into account that they could run short of fuel. The tanks came to a standstill on the square.

Pinsk's irregulars instantly surrounded the German tanks. After skillful and strong blows with hammers on the barrels of the machine guns, the fascists could no longer shoot. But they were protected by armor. The Pinsk hammer-smiths and blacksmiths thereupon began to hammer away at the armor of the tanks. Soon after the German fascists, unable to withstand this harassing noise, surrendered.

Soviet Non-Stop Aces Flay Lindbergh as 'Fascist'



MIKHAIL GROMOV at his Moscow home

3 Who Flew to America in '37 Stress Ties with U.S. Fliers

(By United Press)

MOSCOW, July 15.—Soviet aviators who in 1937 flew non-stop from Moscow to San Jacinto, Calif., commemorated the fourth anniversary of their flight today by sending a message to American aviators attacking Charles A. Lindbergh as a "despised pro-fascist."

The fliers—Mikhail Gromov, Andrey Yumashev and Sergey Danilin—proclaimed their common aim with American aviators in a fight on fascism and expressed hope that the Russian and American peoples would be drawn closer together.

Attacking Mr. Lindbergh, the fliers said:

"We are certain that the attitude of such persons as Lindbergh—whose pro-fascist position was expressed by Soviet fliers as far back as in 1935—is despised by all honest American fliers who perfectly understand what this person is after."

Belgian Fliers Escape Nazis, Land in Britain

LONDON, July 15 (UP).—Two Belgian aviators have landed somewhere in Great Britain after escaping from Nazi-occupied Belgium in a plane on which they had painted the Belgian national colors. It was said authoritatively today.

One of the fliers brought a copy of a proclamation by the former Brussels Burgomaster, Dr. P. J. Vandemeulebroeck, dated June 30, protesting against the illegality of his dismissal by German occupation authorities.

FEAR NO ONE

The proclamation, which they said had been posted on buildings in Brussels, concluded:

"Those who really are of our stock are afraid of nothing nor anyone in the world. They have only one fear—of not doing their duty and losing their honor."

The aviators said the proclamation was torn down, but there always were unknown hands to replace it. They said they came to Britain to join the Belgian air force.



—Radiophoto

For Men at the Front: Nurses of the Red Army are shown sewing underwear for men of the Soviet Union's Red Army. The women of the U.S.S.R. are taking a prominent part in the struggle against the foe.

Decorate 2 Soviet Pilots For Bravery in Action

(Wireless to Intercontinent News)

MOSCOW, July 15.—Title of Hero of the Soviet Union was conferred today upon pilots Captain A. Antonenko and Lieutenant P. Brinko for exemplary courage and heroism in action.

Orders were also awarded to 45 navy men for valor and courage.

Antonenko brought down one of the first Junkers-88 in the war with Germany.

Once when Antonenko was compelled to drop behind his formation of planes he was attacked by 25 fascist aircraft, but succeeded in breaking through the encirclement and overtaking his formation.

He shot down three enemy planes single-handed and two more together with another pilot.

Brinko was also cited for destroying three enemy planes in air combat.

U.S. Newsmen Held by Nazis To Be Home Soon

(Wireless to Intercontinent News)

WASHINGTON, July 15 (UP).—Acting Secretary of State Sumner Welles said today he was happy to announce that Richard Hottelet and Jay Allen, American newspapermen who have been detained by German authorities, would return to the United States aboard the S.S. West Point when it leaves Europe on July 25.

Hottelet, a United Press staff cor-

The War In the East

(THE TWENTY-THIRD DAY)

By a Veteran Commander

The Germans for almost three days have been claiming that they "pierced" the so-called Stalin Line (by the way, the Soviet communiques have never mentioned that name) and that their Panzer forces were on the "open road" to Leningrad, Kiev and Moscow. For the second time in three weeks the "suburbs of Smolensk" have been claimed, at least inferentially. Other German dispatches, however, as relayed by NBC, for instance, claim that a great tank battle is raging near Gorodok, which is north-northwest of Vitebsk. This shows that here the Germans have not succeeded in breaking through at this time.

In the Kiev sector we see a similar situation; the Germans claim the "gates of Kiev," but at the same time bomb Zhitomir which is about 80 miles almost due west of Kiev and on the western skirt of the fortified zone.

As far as can be judged from here, the titanic shock of the German armies has been held back for three days and, while there are obvious withdrawals of Soviet forces in a number of sectors, the defense has NOT been cracked. There is not the shadow of a doubt that the Red Army Command continues successfully to extricate its troops from threatened pincers while relentlessly beating back the German spearheads and holding the line along its entire length.

It is, by the way, interesting to note that on the Dnieper sector the Germans for the last three days have been using straight infantry for the attack. This might mean that either the Germans are running short of tanks or they have hit upon a sector where tanks cannot operate.

The Baltic Sea is coming into prominence as an operative direction. As we said yesterday, the Soviet Baltic squadron seems in full control here which is quite interesting because the Germans did have a definite naval edge on the Soviet Union in that particular sea.

Saturday's spectacular naval victory of the Red Fleet over a large German convoy of troops, arms and munitions where 30 German ships were either sunk or set aflame confirms the fact the Baltic Red Navy is definitely running the show in the Baltic.

This large-scale victory is important because it has thwarted a landing of German troops on the Estonian shoreline and thus deprived the Germans of an important "prop" for their drive against Leningrad. The victory must also annoy General Baron Mannerheim.

Furthermore, the 26 transports sunk or set adrift must at least have had an aggregate tonnage of 50,000 tons which would be about the tonnage necessary for the transportation of an entire Panzer-division (note that a special barge loaded with tanks was sunk), especially for a short haul.

Judging by the losses admitted by both sides of the German-British war in the air, it amounts in intensity and importance to about one-tenth of the air activity on the Eastern Front. It must be admitted that at the present moment a "two-front war" is still "in the offing" for Hitler.

As to Africa and the Arabian peninsula, operations are at a complete standstill except for routine air raids against certain bases.

respondent, was arrested four months ago on "suspicion of espionage" charges.

The West Point leaves tonight from New York for Lisbon, carrying ousted Italian and German consular officials and their families. It will bring back to the United States

American consular officials expelled from the Axis nations.

Welles declined to comment on reports that Dr. Kurt Rieth, high-ranking Nazi party official taken into custody in New York on a charge of illegal entry into the United States, was one of the Germans aboard the West Point.

Nazis Execute Norwegian Seamen for Aiding USSR, Others Tortured

(Wireless to Intercontinent News)

MOSCOW, July 15.—Norwegian seamen have been shot by Nazi occupation authorities for refusing to transport German troops and supplies to Finland, a communique issued here last night by the Soviet Information Bureau revealed.

Three seamen at Stavanger were among those executed by the Nazis. The communique declared that there have been several similar incidents in Norway since the assault against the Soviet Union began.

Many other Stavanger seamen were removed from their vessels, the communique said, and brutally tortured.

way points. At this very moment

a Soviet armored train arrived at the station. By the very first shells two tanks were damaged. The group of German soldiers who alighted to blow up the points were killed by the machine gun fire from the armored train. The encounter between the tanks and the armored train ended in the destruction of the four fascist tanks.

X air unit was ordered to destroy an enemy airfield discovered in the forest by our scouts. The navigator Captain Sangeyev brought his wing of bombers exactly to the airfield. The very first bombs set on fire the enemy planes and blew up fuel tanks. The second and third wings of our planes bombed the brightly illuminated target. Twenty-five German planes were

destroyed on the airfield. The Soviet bombers returned to their base missing two planes.

Scout Chita Tolstov twice saved the life of his commander. When rescuing him, the courageous Red Army man bayoneted a Finnish officer and shot several soldiers.

Corporal Konstantiy Koshukharov saw during the fighting that unit commander Lieutenant Colonel Ahavonovkov was gravely wounded by a shell fragment. An enemy tank was approaching the spot where Ahavonovkov fell. Corporal Koshukharov lifted the commander and carried him behind a hillock. Having left him in the charge of our men, Koshukharov returned to the battlefield.

"The mad fascist vulture criminally violate international law with regard to wounded soldiers.

Wounded Red Army man Zudin

who was delivered by our troops from fascist captivity described the inhuman attitude of the fascists toward the war prisoners. Together with Red Army man Fedorov he was captured by the Germans in a field hospital. Having refused to answer the questions of the officers regarding the location of Red Army units, the wounded Red Army men were beaten up and subjected to brutal torture.

Red Army man Fedorov was tortured by the officer personally. With a bayonet heated on the fire, he burned Fedorov's hands, stabbing his chest and back. Not being able to elicit an answer the fascist shot Fedorov dead.

Zudin was tortured by an officer of the storm troops who hacked off several of his fingers, pierced through the palm of the right hand and gouged out one eye.

Hailing the agreement between the governments of the USSR and Great Britain on joint action in the war against Germany, the workers and intellectuals of the Soviet Union express firm confidence in the inevitable complete and final destruction of German fascism.

"The two great peoples of the USSR and Great Britain," state the workers of the Kirev plant in Leningrad, "have joined forces for a fight against the bestial fascist bandits. Hitlerism shall



Named Heroes of the Soviet Union: The Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of Hero of the Soviet Union upon Junior Lieutenant S. Zdorovikov, P. Kharitonov and M. Zhukov (above, left to right). All were cited for heroism in deed against Nazi aircraft.

be destroyed."

In Baku, at a meeting of the "Stalinets" drillers, who gained fame throughout the country by drilling well in the open sea, driller Matevos Vnad, and brakeman Zagrebek pledge to drill every well in one-half to one-third the scheduled time so as to help by the production of oil in excess of the plan sooner to crush the bloodthirsty fascist hordes whom we will now smash on two fronts.

The collective farmers of the Ordzhonikidze territory acclaim the joining of the efforts of the two great powers in a struggle against fascism.

"The Soviet and British peo-

ples feel a burning hatred toward the fascist invaders," said Zolotarov, a member of the Stalin Collective Farm.

"We collective farmers will do everything we can to ensure the victory over the enemy. We will work untiringly in the rear, we will gather a bumper crop in time without losing a single ear, we will supply our valiant fighters with everything they need. And if need be, we will all, young and old, take up rifles and rise to beat the enemy."

In a fiery speech at a meeting of workers in the Ashkhabad Footwear Factory, Gassanov Riza said:

"The Fascist invaders' detritus

dreams of world domination will never come true. They will not be able to enslave the free, happy Soviet people. In stubborn and courageous fighting the Russians, Ukrainians, Byelo-Russians, Turkmenians, Uzbeks, Tadzhiks and other peoples of the multinational Soviet Union will safeguard their independence and freedom. We will not hesitate before any sacrifices; we will stand all trials to bring our war of liberation to a victorious end. Henceforth the peoples of the USSR and Great Britain will fight hand in hand, shoulder to shoulder.

"Fascism will be exterminated forever!"

DODGERS TRIM CUBS TWICE, 7-0, 8-4

33,000 See Flag Hopes Zoom As Davis, Hamlin Breeze In

Increase Lead Over Cards in Great Twin Win at Ebbets Field—Wyatt Ready for Cards Tonight

If you don't think the Dodgers are bound for their first pennant in twenty years, you'd have to argue mightily hard with the tremendous weekday crowd of 33,247 which saw the league leaders rout the Chicago Cubs in a double-header yesterday at Ebbets Field. The scores were 7-0 and 8-4 and the winning pitchers, encouragingly enough, were the veterans Curt Davis and Luke Hamlin. The twin made it four of five for the series and set the stage for tonight's invasion by the second place Cards, which will find Whit Wyatt on the hill.

The first game was most embarrassing for the Cubs. Two of their former players led the Dodgers to victory. Curt Davis, the fellow who was "thrown in" on the \$150,000 Dixie Dean deal, pitched a superb game to blank them on four hits. And Billy Herman's single in the second drove in a pair of tallies.

In winning his fifth game and his first shutout of the season, Davis held the Cubs hitless until the sixth and permitted just one Chicago player—Hack in the seventh—to advance to third. He walked one. His mates meanwhile piled up seven runs, four in the second and three in the sixth.

The Dodgers loaded the bases in the second on an error, a single, and a walk on Davis' infield single. Lavagetto and Medwick scored. Reese's walk again filled the bases, setting a two-run single off ex-mate Larry French.

Medwick doubled to left to open the sixth. Camilli walked and Dixie Walker's triple to center scored Joe and Dolf. Dixie came home on Owen's grounder.

The nightcap saw the Dodgers get

off to a five run burst in the second inning, this one at the expense of rookie Erickson. A single by Herman, walk to Reiser, single by Lavagetto, double by Medwick and two run single by Camilli did the damage. Dolph's blow made it 59 runs batted in for the year, putting him two behind Nicholson of the Cubs.

Hits by Reese and Walker around Hamlin's sacrifice tallied another in the fourth. Medwick's double in the fifth followed a two base error by Nicholson on Lavagetto's drive to right. Doubles by Walker and Reiser tallied another in the sixth as the rout continued. On the latter blow, center fielder Cavaretta hurt his back when he fell trying to grab Pete's liner, and left the game.

Hamlin breezed through on high, leading 8-1 going into the ninth, the only three Cub hits having been made by Stan Hack. Rookie Stringer opened the final frame with a home run blast and Hack tripled for his fourth straight hit. After Luke got Nicholson and Dellesandro, an error by Lavagetto and Dahlgren's single scored two Cub tallies.

It was a great and important day for the Dodgers in their flag-waving drive. Davis and Hamlin pitching good ball to back up Wyatt and Higbe mean it's almost in the bag.

MAJOR LEAGUE SCORES

NATIONAL LEAGUE

(1st Game)

Chicago 000 000 000—0 4 1
BROOKLYN 040 003 00x—7 7 0
French, Mooty (7), and Schef-
ling; Davis and Owen.

Chicago 000 100 003—4 5 2
BROOKLYN 400 111 01x—12 12 1
Erickson, Pressnell (1), Mooty (8),
and McCullough; Hamlin and
Franks.

(16 Innings)

St. Louis 001000001000000—3 9 0
Philadel. 000000101000000—2 9 0
Crouch, Krist (11) and Mancuso.
Paddgett (15); Grissom, Beck (8),
Paerson (10) and Warren, Living-
ston (15).

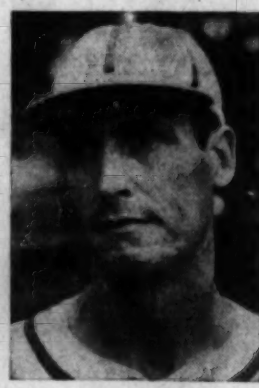
Pittsburgh 001 200 020—5 10 1
NEW YORK 100 000 000—1 7 4
Butcher and Lopez; Mellon,
Brown (8), and Danning.
(Second game.)

AMERICAN LEAGUE

NEW YORK 104 000 000—5 10 0
Chicago 020 110 000—4 12 1
Peck, Branch (5) and Rosar;
Smith and Tresh.

Boston 200 020 002—6 10 1
Cleveland 000 002 000—2 4 2
Dehson and Pytkak; Harder,
Brown (5) and Desautels, Hemsley
(7).

Philadelphia 100 000 100—2 7 1
Detroit 010 010 10x—3 8 1
Harris and Wagner; Newsum and
Sullivan.



CURT DAVIS

Meehan Lists Monopoly Evils

Chick Meehan yesterday listed the "six evils" of boxing which he asserts he is attempting to eradicate by staging shows at Ebbets Field in opposition to Mike Jacobs' virtual monopoly.

Meehan also said he has made a demand upon the boxing commission to issue a series of subpoenas in order to "bring the monopoly into the open."

These are the points listed by the ex-NYU and Manhattan football mentor:

1. Excessive prices.
2. Ticket scalping.
3. Tying challenges to contracts to fight for the monopoly only for five years in the event they win titles.
4. Selecting challengers on the basis of their willingness to sign such agreements or because they are under obligation to the monopoly through cash advances rather than on their merit.
5. Giving no chance to a title to independent outstanding challengers of championship caliber.
6. Entering into secret agreements with fighters and managers not filed with the Boxing Commission.

DiMag Makes It 55, Yanks Win

Smith Beaten 5-4 at Chicago as One Game 'Losing Streak' Ends—Joe Conn in 3rd

The Yankees broke their one-game losing streak out at Chicago yesterday and the marvelous Joe DiMaggio ran his string of consecutive games in which he has hit safely

Zupke Rehired For a Year

Bob Zupke, Illinois football coach, won another year's contract from the university trustees yesterday, while his chief opponent, Athletic Director Wendell Wilson, was sent on a year's "leave of absence."

Coach at Illinois for 28 years, Zup had his chance to continue on condition that he agrees to retire on or before he reaches the age of 65. He is now 62.

MCGINNIS WINS

The McGinnis Restaurant Sluggers recently chalked up an 8-3 victory over the Thompson Strikers who have just returned to their jobs after winning their four-month strike. "And winning that battle was more important than losing the ball game," says the union-conscious McGinnis communique. Capt. Joe Gattinelli hurled for McGinnis. Silver Cafeteria, in another game, won by forfeit from Cooperative Consumers' Service.

GAMES TODAY

AMERICAN LEAGUE
Cincinnati at New York
St. Louis at Brooklyn (night)
Pittsburgh at Boston (2)
Chicago at Philadelphia
NATIONAL LEAGUE
New York at Cleveland
Washington at Detroit
Philadelphia at St. Louis
Boston at Chicago

THE ROUNDUP:

Jim Crow Reminder—Paige Here Sunday

Negro Ace at Stadium—Fite Cards Reshuffled—Hub Far from Through—That DiMag!

The great Satchel Paige will make his second appearance in New York this Sunday when he takes the mound at the Yankee Stadium against the Cuban Stars. Paige will be blasting that still-incomparable fast one by the Kansas City Monarchs.

Satchel pitched at the Stadium for the Black Yankees May 11, shortly after returning from a winter of campaigning in Latin America. He rejoined the Monarchs soon thereafter. In the other game Sunday, the Black Yanks meet the Philadelphia Stars.

Every appearance that Paige makes in New York, incidentally, only re-emphasizes the un-American discrimination the big-league magnates carry on against the many great Negro players. In a recent contest, Satchel pulled a "Rube Waddell" stunt. With men on bases in the ninth inning, Paige called in his outfielders, and struck the next three batters on nine balls!

Satchel would be a tremendous boxoffice draw in the majors, as well as one of its greatest hurlers. But the Jim Crow ban continues, and apparently will until the fans smash it once and for all.

CAULIFLOWER CALENDAR: Following the Billy Soose-George Abrams over-the-weight bout July 30, New York fans can get set for Buddy Baer vs. Abe Simon Sept. 5, at the Garden, and Sammy Angott vs. Lew Jenkins, for the lightweight title on Oct. 3. That is what Mike Jacobs' office said yesterday. The Baer-Simon and Angott-Jenkins fights were moved back.

DiMaggio leads the major leagues in runs scored, with 76. Which DiMaggio? Well... both. Joe of the Yanks, and Dom of the Red Sox, are tied in a brotherly knot. Jolting Joseph, socking a torrid .385, also shows the way in homers, with 26; in runs batted in, with 74, and in hits, with 119.

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Freehold \$1.00 Easton \$1.00
ROYAL LINE
MONTICELLO-WOODBRIDGE
MONTICELLO-LIBERTY
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MOHAWK LINE
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SMALL LOCAL FARE TO
CAMP BEACON
WEST POINT-BEAR MT.—\$1.00 R.T.
POUGHKEPSIE-\$1.50 R.T.
MANHATTAN LINE
PATRICKSON CLIFTON
PASSAIC GARDEN
RENDIX HACKENSACK
Exp. to Boston and Hartford
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Boston \$2.75 Philadelphia \$1.25
Chicago \$10.00 Los Angeles \$10.00
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Low Rates for Any Occasion

On
The Score
Board

On Friend
Farrell's
Fite Column

By Lester Rodney

It might as well be today. I mean the comment on our good California friend Dave Farrell's piece in which he picks his native boy Lou Nova to knock out Joe Louis in September and throws in a gratuitous pool-pool for the idea that Louis is the greatest heavyweight champion of all times, or even, it seems, a really great one.

Now Dave, in my opinion, is one of the few topnotch baseball writers in the country (which isn't said only to set up the basis for going to work on his boxing column). Maybe even THE topnotch baseball writer, for he combines his wealth of knowledge and background on the game with something few other baseball writers have, a human, working class approach to the sport and its players. I know our readers relish his too infrequent contributions because they write in to say so.

But as to Dave's Sunday column — in the language of his own favorite sport, he was way off base. He fanned on a change of pace ball. To get a little rough and concise about it, Dave didn't know what he was talking about.

This doesn't mean that Nova conceivably can't beat Louis in September. Any 200-pound athlete who can throw a hard punch and take one has a chance with any other man in the ring, and nobody knows that better than Louis himself, which is the reason Joe so carefully refrains from the bragadoles many of his opponents have had knocked back down their throats. If Farrell wanted to do a piece giving it as his opinion that Nova was going to knock out Louis, I would disagree very sharply with that opinion but that's all. Dave has done a lot more, nothing terrible mind you, but stuff way out of line with facts and reality.

He has "pool-pooed" the line that Joe Louis is the greatest heavyweight champion of all time. And in so doing, has no where bothered to even so much as mention, let alone attempt to refute, the records which show that Joe has won 53 of his 54 fights, 45 by KO, and has successfully defended his title 18 times running against any and all kind of opposition, records that aren't even approached by any other heavyweight. To "pool-poo" the "line" that Louis is the greatest of all (a "line" adopted by almost every boxing writer in the country today, including those from the South) without mentioning Joe's record is like pool-pooing Babe Ruth's claim to fame as a home run hitter without bothering to mention the fact that the Babe happened to hit more home runs than any other player who ever lived.

The business of Louis "not landing three good punches on Jack Johnson" is sheer nonsense. Dave should get around to asking old Jack himself who his idea of the greatest heavyweight of all time is. The counterpoising of a "boxer" against Louis the "hitter," as though Louis himself can't box, has become slightly wearisome reading to anyone who has ever seen Louis in action. Johnson was a good fighter, but he could never hit anywhere nearly as hard as Louis. And as long as we're going into the realm of imaginary bouts, the fighter who managed to hit a speedy boxing classicist like Billy Conn often enough to knock him out would certainly have landed many more than three punches on Johnson. Many, many more.

Dave's "if Conn had only weighed twenty-five pounds more" is one of the most unknown arguments ever presented in a sports column and even though Dave is not a tight follower he should have known better. "If" Conn weighed twenty-five pounds more he'd be a completely different fighter, not possibly as fast and as elusive as he was against Louis, and on the other hand the addition of weight doesn't automatically guarantee added punching power, which is derived from much more than beef.

The business of Joe not liking "slugging for the sake of slugging" or the rigors of training" is certainly pointless. Who ever said he did? Is Farrell trying to imply that Louis is apt to come up to his fight with Nova not in the best shape because he isn't in love with the rigors of training? I can't see any other reason for bringing in the point. As one who has seen Louis train for most of his fights and who has chatted with him about his training, I can assure Dave that Joe takes a completely human and sensible attitude towards training and will be in the best shape it is possible for him to attain—as he always has been, without exception. It so happens I asked—Louis if he gets tired of the training grind just a little while ago at his Speculator camp, and he smiled and said, "Sure you get a little tired of it—I'd much rather be out riding—but if I don't train I'm not going to be in shape and fighting is my business."

No fighter likes "slugging for the sake of slugging." Every fighter, including Lou Nova, is in there to make his family secure against the kind of poverty he has known too well, as Dave puts it very well. The trouble, of course, is that there's room for precious few in the top spots where that security is possible. Which brings us to Nova's "inner drive" and the fact that he is "convinced that he can take Louis." I wouldn't want to deny the fact that Nova is a grimly determined, single-minded young man, nor even the fact that he may think he can beat Louis. But Conn also thought he was the guy of destiny. Remember? He just knew it—couldn't miss. The reality of a much better fighter, Joe Louis, ended that particular feeling, just as it will end Nova's. Nova may really be convinced that he is "THE" guy. So was Conn. The fact of the matter is that Louis is THE guy where heavyweights are concerned, and that still goes despite the very slight and inevitable slipping of the champ from his high point of several years ago, a slipping which still leaves him a great fighter with a comfortable margin over a just good fighter like Nova. It's obvious to anyone who has seen both Louis and Nova fight that Louis is far and away the harder and faster hitter and the better boxer to boot. We could wander into the realm of current international affairs to speak of people who consider themselves "THE" guy, the man of destiny, until they bump into some reality tougher than themselves, but that would necessitate an apology to Nova, who is really a nice guy.

As for Louis "getting hit" too often "in Dave's book"—there never was a fighter who didn't get hit, fighting being a rather rough business of punching and being punched. The record shows that Louis was only knocked out once, as a youngster of 20, and that doesn't seem like getting hit very hard very often to me considering that he's been swung at by every heavyweight who ever showed the possibility of giving him a contest.

Finally on Dave's point that "Joe is only human. He's not a perfect machine." Of course, Joe is only human! Who ever wrote of him as a "perfect machine" except those few Jim Crow writers who built him up as an inhuman super-man as the only way to avoid giving him the credit due him—writers, incidentally, who can hardly wait to jump on Louis and gleefully tear him apart as "never was much good" as soon as the very human Joe loses.

Are you there, Farrell? Some of the above may sound a bit sharp. But you asked for a sharp reminder with what you'll admit was a sharp, provocative piece. And that's the way I feel about Joe Louis, greatest and most sportsmanlike heavyweight champion to ever live on a boxing glove.

WHAT'S ON
RATES: What's On notices for the Daily and Sunday Worker are 50c per line (10 words to a line—3 lines minimum). DEADLINE: Daily at 11 Noon. For Sunday, 5 P.M. Friday.
ALL AID TO THE SOVIET UNION. Speaker: John Gater, Manhattan Center, 34th St., and 8th Ave. Aug. 23, Industrial Section, Adm. 10c, Wednesday, July 16, 7:30 P.M.
MASE MEETING FOR AMERICAN-SOVIET UNDERSTANDING. Rear General Victor Yakovlev, Major-General of the Russian Cavalry Army. Old Fellows Hall, 190-31 30th Ave., near 180th St. Jamaica, L. I. Aug. 21, 8 P.M. Free. Adm. 20c, 5:30 P.M.
"SMASH HITLER" Rally. Carl Brodsky and John Arnold, speakers. Latest developments analyzed. Questions answered. Entertainment. JSC, Anton Pythian Temple, Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn. Communist Party, 1815 Ave. 8:30 P.M.

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SPORTS FAVORITES
Life Saving and Tennis Classes
Rates: \$22.00-\$37.50 p.m.
CAMP UNITY

WAKE UP, P.M.!
The Swag Store 330 W. 42nd St., N. Y. C., is selling ARROW SHORTS, guaranteed first quality, at 29c a pair.

The National Education Department and the New York City Central Committee of the International Workers Order announce the first of a nation-wide series of meetings to carry out the recommendations of our National Executive Committee to promote 'All Aid to the Peoples' Fight Against Fascism'

I.W.O. ALL-NATIONALITIES MEETINGS

To Support THE SOVIET UNION AND GREAT BRITAIN To Crush HITLER AND FASCISM

Today, July 16 In Bronx at IWO Center, 868 East 180th Street—8:30 P. M. Hear Rosemary Muenich, National Women's Director and others.

Tomorrow, July 17 On East Side at Stuyvesant Casino, Ninth Street and Second Avenue—8:30 P. M.

Speakers:
Dr. Krinken, Editor "Russky Golos," Russian Daily.
O. Kartinen, National Finnish Secretary, IWO.
H. Tkach, Editor of Ukrainian Daily.
A. Grosfield, Manhattan Jewish District Secretary, IWO
and speakers for Polish and Italian people.

Wednesday, July 23 In Brownsville at Empire Manor, 70 Thatford Avenue, Brooklyn—8:30 P. M.
Speakers:
Gino Bardi, Editor, L'Unita Del Popolo.
Herbert Benjamin, National Executive Sec., IWO.
Moishe Katz, Freiheit.

Wednesday, July 23 In Bronx at IWO Center, 868 East 180th Street—8:30 P. M.
Speakers:
Max Bedacht, National Secretary IWO.
Harry Schiller, Bronx Jewish District Secretary, IWO.
Michael Sola, Italian Labor Leader.

Friday, July 25 In Bensonhurst at IWO Center—2075 86th Street, Brooklyn—8:30 P. M.
John Middleton, National Vice-President, IWO.
Sender Garlin, Foreign Correspondent in Moscow for many years.
M. Borisoff, Co-Editor Russian Paper "Russky Golos."

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Life Saving and Tennis Classes
Rates: \$22.00-\$37.50 p.m.
CAMP UNITY

Speed All British, Soviet Aid, U. S. Labor Urges

Must Wipe Out Hitlerism, AFL, CIO Unions Say from Coast-to-Coast

(Special to the Daily Worker)
SEATTLE, July 15.—Speed in rushing all possible aid to the countries fighting fascism was urged today by the executive boards of the Washington Old Age Pension Union and the Washington Commonwealth Federation this week.

A resolution adopted by the Pension Union declared that "if Hitler is not defeated militarily, fascism will overrun the world and this will mean death to all our social security gains in America."

The resolution, addressed to President Roosevelt, pledged "full support to your policy of aid to Britain and the Soviet Union and the Chinese people. In supporting your genuine anti-fascist efforts, we will relentlessly oppose isolationists and appeasers, whether outside or inside your administration."

MUST NOT FAIL
The position of the Commonwealth Federation was stated by



HUGH DELACY

Hugh Delacy, president, who said that "whatever division may formerly have existed, America must not fall now or refuse to aid China, Britain and the Soviet Union. ... With American aid, the Chinese, the Russian and the British peoples, yes, and the freedom-loving people of Germany, will smash Hitler, his partners and their whole system of oppression and terror."

NEW ORLEANS TWO URGES BRITISH, SOVIET AID
(Special to the Daily Worker)

NEW ORLEANS, La., July 15.—America's best interests demand the destruction of Hitlerism and all friends of Hitler in the United States, it was declared this week by 700 members of Local 206 of the Transport Workers' Union, who unanimously adopted a resolution urging all possible aid to the Soviet Union and Great Britain.

AFL MOULDERS PLEDGE FULL ANTI-HITLER AID
(Special to the Daily Worker)

ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 15.—Declaring that "the life and death struggle" being waged against Hitlerism by the Soviet Union "is not only the fight of the British and Soviet peoples but the fight of all liberty-loving peoples," Local 59 of the AFL Moulders' Union this week called upon the government "to give full aid to the British and Soviet peoples in their fight to the end that fascism shall be wiped from the face of the earth."

A copy of the local's resolution was sent to the Central Trades and Labor Union.

CIO DIE CASTERS CALL ON GOVT TO SPUR AID
(Special to the Daily Worker)

GARWOOD, N. J., July 15.—"Fascism must be defeated wherever it exists," said a resolution adopted this week by the membership of Local 2 of the National Association of Die Casters Workers, CIO, urging the United States government to give all possible assistance to the Soviet Union and Great Britain.

The resolution also called for the strengthening of democracy in the United States by means of the preservation and extension of popular rights and the protection of our gains.

BUTTE RALLY RAILES UNITED WAR ON HITLER
(Special to the Daily Worker)

BUTTE, Montana, July 15.—A mass rally of several hundred persons here this week unanimously adopted a telegram to President Roosevelt declaring that "fascism must be wiped off the face of the earth if our country is to remain a free and independent nation."

The wire urged full aid to the Soviet Union and Great Britain.

The meeting, which was held under the giant auspices of the American Peace Mobilization and the Butte Miners' Union, heard Jerry J. O'Connell, regional director of the International Workers' Order; Leo Garnet, state secretary of the Communist Party; C. A. Meers, secretary of the Neihart Miners' Union; and Calvin Sutherland, national representative of APM. O'Connell in his speech declared that "the important thing for us now is to mobilize our people in the fight against fascism and through our fight to arouse the American people to the dangers of appeasement."

Foreign Born in America Back 'Smash Hitler' Aid

Greek, Bulgarian-Macedonian and Italian Readers Firm for All Support to Britain, USSR; See New Hope for Freedom of Homelands

America's foreign-born see in the fight of the Soviet Union and Britain the first real hope for the freedom of their homelands, leading representatives of the Greek, Italian and Bulgarian-Americans have informed the American Peace Mobilization.

That is why they are firmly united behind any and all measures to smash fascism by aid to Britain and the USSR.

Interviews with Demetrios Christophorides, editor of the Greek-American Tribune; Gino Bardi, editor of L'Unita del Popolo; and Dr. Victor Sharenkoff, president of the Bulgarian-Macedonian Federation revealed that now, in the hour of the first time, the foreign-born feel the glow of real hope for the freedom of their countries from fascist rule.

"Greeks in America love their homeland," 65-year-old Christophorides said. "Now they see light in a successful anti-fascist conclusion of the war."

"Ninety-five per cent of the Greek-Americans are for the co-operation of the U.S.A., the USSR and Britain," he declared.

Bulgarian-Macedonians, too, look hopefully on the new situation, said Dr. Victor Sharenkoff, who heads the Bulgarian-Macedonian Federation of Educational Clubs.

"The majority of my people are for aid to the USSR and Britain," Dr. Sharenkoff declared.

"While some Balkan countries may seem nominally free, it is the victory of the USSR which will rid the Balkans of Hitler and Hitlerism."

Slovak-Americans United For British, Soviet Aid
(Special to the Daily Worker)

PITTSBURGH, Pa., July 15.—Denial that Father Tiso, nominal head of the Slovakian Protectorate established by Hitler, represents the wishes of the people of Slovakia or the sympathies of American Slovaks, has been expressed here by Slovak-American leaders, in calling for support of the Soviet Union and Great Britain.

Such a Slovak leader as Stephen Zeman, president of the Slovak Evangelical Union, has called on the 18,000 members of his organization to support President Roosevelt in his announced policy of aid to Britain and the U.S.S.R.

But another Slovak leader, the head of the National Slovak Society, Wendelin Platak, has declared that he is in favor of aid to the Soviet Union and Britain.

Slovaks here, in the city where the compact between Czechs and Slovaks setting up the Czechoslovakian republic was signed in 1918, have joined with the Serbs and Croats in the slogan: "The liberation of Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia depends on the success of the Red Army."

A statement sent to L'Udovny Denik, Slovak newspaper, by a Slovak Lutheran priest in Uniontown, Pa., scores Nazi brutality and declares that with the attack on the USSR, Hitler has "taken more than he can swallow."

The priest, Imrich Vangor, wrote to the newspaper that "Czechoslovakia was first a victim of Nazi outrage, then Poland and comes the attack on the U.S.S.R. I believe that in this attack Hitler will be defeated and Nazism destroyed."

Speaking of the people of the Soviet Union, the priest declared that "all Slovaks in this country are happy that the people of the Soviet Union are united to defend their country."

Upstate Communists Near Quota in Whirlwind Drive

Raise \$1300 as Members Speed Campaign for Funds; Nazi Attack on USSR Brings Wide Response from People in Hudson Valley

A highly successful drive for funds is being conducted by the Communist Party in up-state Orange County where \$1300 of a \$1500 quota has already been raised; it was learned today.

The drive in this lovely mid-Hudson valley of New York is a good example of what is taking place throughout the state. The campaign had been going along at a little better than ordinary pace when Hitler hurled his legions at the Soviet Union thereby precipitating a world-wide crisis of freedom.

It was at once evident that the tempo of activity on all fronts of Party endeavor would have to be speeded up. The fund drive, which bears a direct relation to the volume of agitation and organization which the Party puts forward, was first in line for re-evaluation.

The section executive, taking stock of this campaign on July 3, found that only \$40 had been raised. They decided, therefore, to ask the members to raise the balance in two weeks.

DRIVE GAINS SPEED
Stirred by the example and self-sacrifice of the Red Army and the Manifesto of the Communist Party

Phila. Court Starts Drive on Free Elections

Hearings Start Against Communist Petition Collectors

By Ernest Pendrell
(Special to the Daily Worker)

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., July 15.—The Communist Party's fight to maintain free elections in this city and state opened in this city today with a preliminary hearing before Magistrate James J. O'Malley.

The hearing proved to observers the complete rottenness of the frame-up attempt against innocent people, which aims to Hitlerize Philadelphia.

Eight Communist Party nominating petition collectors, who had been arrested two weeks ago and held in \$1,000 bail each, were brought to court for hearings. Three were tried today. They are: Anna Rich, William Harris and Sam Fine.

Of the five witnesses who appeared against the defendants all admitted knowing the signature collectors for many years.

Two of the witnesses against Anna Rich broke down and cried. One of these had to be excused. However, none of the witnesses denied that they, of their own free will, signed the petitions.

The prosecution is being handled by Assistant District Attorney Franklin Barr. David Levinson and Philip Dorfman, well-known civil liberties attorneys, appeared for the defense.

DEFENSE FIGHTS HARD

The day was marked by clashes between the magistrate, the district attorney and Levinson, who despite the team work of the court and the prosecution, stoutly maintained the right to cross-examine the witnesses, which right Magistrate O'Malley was finally forced to allow.

Levinson brought out in cross-examination that the witnesses for the prosecution had been written to by the Dies Committee, had been called to the station house as many as three times, and had then had been brought to the district attorney's office. Yet none of them could deny the obvious truth that they had signed the petition.

The prosecution attempt to prove that the witnesses didn't know what they were signing was smashed to smithereens by the vigorous defense of Levinson who brought out in testimony that the witnesses knew the people who called on them were Communists and also revealed the character of the Communist nomination petition which was printed clearly across the top of the petition.

The crudeness of the frame-up was exposed especially in the case of William Harris against whom only one witness appeared. The witness under cross-examination admitted knowing Harris as a Communist, admitted signing the petition. However, despite the objections of defense counsel, Harris was held in \$500 bail for the grand jury.

CITES WIDE VIOLATIONS

Ann Rich and Sam Fine also were held under the reduced bail of \$500 each for the Grand Jury. They are charged with "false pretense, perjury, and violation of a section of the election code."

Levinson opened the hearing by making two motions to dismiss the charges. He declared that two tenets of the United States Constitution had been violated by the prosecution. These violations are: 1—The defendants are alleged to have committed crimes last March 1940. Levinson told the court that constituted a violation since a man is entitled to "a speedy trial." "These people are now being brought to trial," Levinson declared, "sixteen months after an alleged crime that in itself is a violation of the Constitution."

2—Levinson charged that these men and women are being discriminated against because of their political beliefs. This, the attorney said, constituted a violation since it is "discriminatory application of the law." "All citizens are entitled to equal protection under the law," Levinson said.

He then told the court of the 250,000 false registrations on the Democratic and Republican party election lists of this city.

The remaining six defendants will be tried on Thursday morning at 10 o'clock at which time the hearing reconvenes.

Communist Files Petition to Run in Kentucky Poll

(Special to the Daily Worker)

LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 15.—Paul Kellogg, State Secretary of the Communist Party of Kentucky, has filed a petition here as candidate for Mayor. The petition has been accepted.

Among the signers of Kellogg's petition were some of the most prominent citizens of the community. They included the publisher of a Negro newspaper, the president of the local branch of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, the secretary of the local Urban League and an Episcopalian minister.

The speedy raising of funds would of course have been impossible without the support of the farmers and townsmen of Orange County. In their eagerness for Communist interpretation of events, a number of the citizenry even offered to pay for information. One Party member has already made \$5 for the drive "selling" answers.

The Diary of a Red Army Commander

By N. GLAGOLEV
(Eleventh Installment)

FEBRUARY 17

Comrade Kolesnikov and I went to the advanced outpost. We were dressed in white cloaks. The men were lying in little dugouts, some with rifles and others with machine-guns. They were so excellently camouflaged that, without a guide we should have never found them. The enemy is 100 meters away.

The day drags and while the battle becomes increasingly ferocious, there is no advance. We decide to move forward by what may be a narrow path. Bullets whistle and mines explode all around me. Involuntarily I fell to the ground and looked about. In front is a blind zone from which someone is waving to me. Crawling and leaping, I manage to get into the blindage.

There I find a solitary Red Army man, a typical mountaineer. "An Osetian?"

"Yes," he answered in surprise. "From Dzhavit?"

"No, from Tsoni."

"And isn't your name Dzhiolev?"

His amazement mounted with each question.

"Yes."

"Well, that means we are relatives," said I. "My mother is a Dzhiolev too."

"Impossible! Are there Osetians who occupy such high posts? Wait, wait, you are not by chance Gagloyev, Nikolai? I heard of you all right, but what a place to meet!"

My new acquaintance shook my hand warmly.

"What are you doing here?"

"Observing. Here is the instrument."

"Does the telephone work? Call the battery commander?"

We give the commander the exact coordinates of the enemy's pillboxes. A minute later our shells begin to burst right over their heads.

"Well, so long, friend, it's time to go. Hold your ground."

"I'll write home about our meeting," says the Red Army man. "I'll write that in Finland I had a chance to speak Osetian and to meet a friend."

FEBRUARY 18

The enemy is carrying on an intense barrage. Shells are bursting around the observation point. Mud, shrapnel and rocks fill the air.

"Comrade Murzin," says Comrade Titov, "find out the point of origin of the enemy's fire and

snuff it out." Within ten minutes our artillery opens fire. The infantry in white cloaks makes its way through deep snow and concentrates on positions from which to launch an attack. The tanks do the same. The line men hasten after the commanders and put up the telephone communication.

Half an hour later our artillery transfers the barrage into the depths of the enemy's defense zone. The tanks take advantage of the artillery screen, form a sharp angle, and drive a wedge into the enemy positions. With lightning rapidity the infantry hurries itself in wake of the tanks and smashes into the wedge.

At the observation point, everybody is in a state of joyous elation. Crash. A huge hole in the right corner of the observation point! We are too busy even to brush off the dust.

The enemy strikes at our infantry with his mine-throwers and at our tanks with his anti-tank guns and incendiary flasks. Machine guns rattle without letup. One can see how trees topple all over the landscape and how rocks whiz through the air.

At 2:15 an infantry detachment, leaping and falling, reaches the field of concrete pillars. The tanks are maneuvering. The enemy lets go his "pocket artillery." Mines explode. Our infantry falls to the ground. Our sappers, under a hail of shrapnel and bullets, seek out the mines. The mines have English trade marks on them.

It grows lighter. That means our planes will help along.

Shells explode at the observation point. Comrade Belyakov nods approvingly: "That I understand, that's real war. Not like in Poland. We ate some apples—and the war was over!"

At 3 o'clock the detachments on the right balk up against the enemy's barbed wire entanglements. The tanks halt, though they keep up the firing.

The stretcher-bearers pick up the wounded, observing all camouflage rules. They work tirelessly.

At 4 o'clock, our planes appear. They pass low over the battlefield and scatter the enemy with a hail of lead.

At 5 o'clock the second echelon is thrown into action. The battle continues. It grows dark again. One of our line men passes the receiver to a comrade, takes the kettles, and goes off to fetch grub. On his return, he gets into an artillery barrage and comes back all wet.

"Boy, they sure tackled me, all right. It was as hot as hell. My back is all wet. But the kettles are whole. I'll go for some more."

The planes are out again. An air battle develops. Bullets, forming arcs, fly in all directions. Anti-aircraft shells explode in the air. Searchlights prowl over the sky. Our telephone line has been broken and the telephone operator has left. Regimental commander Comrade Titov paces up and down the mud-mat and smokes without letup. Finally, the telephone operator comes dashing in.

"The line is fixed."

"Good fellow. Now call 'Pskov,' 'Omak,' 'Orel,' 'Kiev.'"

When the above-named points in our positions answer, Comrade Titov orders: "More life! More fire! More action in the attack! Seize the trenches! Remember, a tremendous responsibility rests on you."

Comrade Gamliuk replies: "We can't see the enemy. He is using every kind of weapon in his barrage and doesn't give us a chance to rise."

"No chance to rise? Attack the trenches immediately!"

Comrade Titov phones to com-

The Daily Worker presents today another chapter from the diary of a political commissar of the Red Army which contains his daily notes from the beginning to the end of the Finnish-Soviet war of the winter of 1939-40.

The diary was translated from Znamya (The Banner), a Soviet literary magazine, and appears here for the first time in English.

missar Kanopov. We cannot tell what Kanopov is saying, but by Titov's satisfied nod we surmise that the commissar has taken all necessary measures. Then Titov calls Novgorod.

"Why aren't the tanks moving? Demand execution of the plan! Take into account the enemy's tactics."

Again bursting enemy shells. Again the line is cut. Again Titov paces from corner to corner, smoking incessantly.

When it grows dark, the firing begins to die down. Titov issues an order: to hold on to the attained objectives, to dig in, to put up a sufficient number of guards, to reconnoiter the enemy's pillboxes, to cut passages, to eat, to rest.

The kitchen detail makes its way to the front lines, bringing food. Ammunition is also being brought up. The enemy opens fire at them, but they fall to the ground. When the fire dies down, they advance again. The enemy lights up the road with rockets. Again, the men fall to the ground and crawl along. The front line will be provided with all the necessities.

(To Be Continued Tomorrow)

APM Plans Big Drive to Aid Britain, USSR

Collection of one million signatures to a petition asking aid to Britain and the Soviet Union is planned by the American Peace Mobilization.

Fifteen thousand petitions, with room for 300,000 signatures, have already been ordered by the New York Peace Council, they said. The petitions are ready for distribution at the New York office, 381 Fourth Avenue. Others will go to more than 600 clubs and councils in all states.

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Daily Worker

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE FREEDOM OF THE PRESS CO., INC., 38 East 13th St., New York, N. Y.
President—Louis F. Budenz
Vice-President—Howard C. Boldt
Secretary—Benjamin J. Davis, Jr.
Telephone: ALexandria 4-1304
Cable Address: "Daily Worker," New York, N. Y.
Washington Bureau, Room 204, National Press Building, 1415
and F St., Washington, D. C. Telephone: National 7910.

WEDNESDAY, JULY 16, 1941

The Meaning Of National Unity Today

Robert Minor, in summoning the country to forge "national unity" against the Nazis, was speaking much more than a phrase for the passing moment. The acting secretary of the Communist Party stated a political reality which fascists at home as well as abroad fear as the central obstacle to their Munichism.

For this national unity is directed against the extreme reactionary circles in the United States, the Quislings represented by Lindbergh, Wheeler and Herbert Hoover.

Anti-Hitler national unity begins, of course, with the working class, with organized labor. But it reaches far and wide into all classes and social groups of the population.

The Nazi aggressions menace all these classes within the nation in one way or another. This is the real basis of the national unity proposed by Robert Minor in his Washington radio broadcast Monday night. It is unity which embraces the majority of the population.

Excluded from this national unity is the small, but active, group of pro-fascist Munichmen who still seek to trifle with the national safety behind the exploded myths of Chamberlain and Lindbergh.

The opportunity to build this anti-Nazi national unity is as great as the danger. The cement which will bind it together is energetic struggle against Hitler and Hitlerism, and full aid to the embattled British-Soviet forces on the western and eastern fronts.

The 'Peace' of World Domination

It was a timely and useful warning from Mayor LaGuardia that Hitler continues his attempts at world domination by laying the groundwork for so-called "peace" overtures to the American people.

The outlines of Hitler's strategy are crystal clear. They are to split the anti-fascist front at home and abroad, to isolate his victims and destroy them one by one. Mortally afraid of a two-front military engagement, Hitler's aim is to secure a complete surrender of the Western Front while he is attacking the Soviet Union in the East. His "peace" drive, therefore, is for war and to separate the United States from Britain and the Soviet Union and to break up the anti-fascist solidarity of the British, American and Soviet peoples.

For Hitler knows the tremendous value of American aid to Britain and the Soviet Union. He knows that full and immediate assistance from this country to the Soviet and British peoples will make certain and even hasten his doom. He counts heavily upon his sinister "peace" overtures as well as upon the appeasement propaganda of the Wheelers, Lindberghs, Bullitts, and Norman Thomases, who are endangering the national and social security of the country.

In pointing out that Hitler aims to work through Latin and South America, Mayor LaGuardia's warning shows that Hitler intends to end the anti-fascist unity in these countries. It makes clear once more that Nazi penetration in Latin America can be effectively counteracted by a real good neighbor policy toward these Republics which recognizes their full sovereignty and independence.

The only way to guarantee peace today is through the military destruction of Nazi aggression. All Hitler's moves are calculated to prevent the world from securing the necessary anti-fascist unity to accomplish this task. With their own national independence endangered, the American people will brush aside Munichism, Hitler or his friends here, and strive for an over-flowing stream of aid, to the Soviet Union and Britain.

For Defense—But Not For Monopoly Protection

Mr. Leon Henderson, of the government price control, implies that a reduced living standard is inevitable, and that we have got to swallow it meekly.

The blunt truth is that it is not so.

If national defense requires sacrifices, priorities, and similar adjustments, then the people are ready to consider such problems in the effort to erect an effective machine against Nazism.

But the people are not ready to accept lower living standards for the sake of monopoly profits, monopoly curbing of production, and similar jockeying of the nation's resources which are not involved in defense at all. Sacrifice for defense, decided upon by the people themselves, is one thing; sacrifice of wages to monopoly profits is another.

Is there a shortage of food and farm products? There is not. Granaries are bursting with surpluses. The Government subsidizes the destruction of crops, the re-

striction of acreage. Let the American farmer swell his crops as he is easily able to do, and let him be guaranteed his costs of production! Taxes on the monopolies can pay for it.

There is no excuse whatever for the sharp increase this past month in the prices of pork, lamb, eggs, onions, potatoes and apples as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Similarly, with such vital products as oil, aluminum, copper, leather, and other defense items. Mr. Henderson can learn from Secretary Ickes and Thurman Arnold how parasitically the aluminum, oil, steel and other trusts are LIMITING production to increase their CONTROL.

The people say to Mr. Henderson that expanded defense is necessary and possible; the way to get it is to go after the monopolies, not the wage-earner.

To the Rescue of an Anti-Union Agent

Let a man be proven an agent of the employers among the workers and he immediately becomes the darling of the press.

The attempt of the Herald Tribune to incite the government into a defense of Joseph Doyle represents a threat to all union labor and to the defense program as well.

Doyle is not the "humble" worker and "militant trade unionist" portrayed by the editorial writer of the Herald Tribune. He is not the innocent victim persecuted for his political beliefs. He is a professional disrupter, acting within the National Maritime Union as an agent of anti-union, reactionary forces.

By his own refusal to deny the charges, by his refusal to stand trial, by his voluntary resignation from the NMTU, and by his admission of relations with McQuiston, agent of the shipowners, Doyle has convicted himself.

That this is understood by all seamen can be seen by the action of his own crew, the very men who were deceived into electing him to the convention and who have now repudiated him and announced their refusal to work with him as a member of the crew. The crew declares in its resolution that "while we do not dispute Doyle's right as an American citizen to oppose Communism or anything else, the same as we do not deny an American citizen the right to espouse it or anything else, it is clear to all of us that this anti-Communist crusade of Doyle and his associates has a familiar ring and is nothing more than a smokescreen to cover up his anti-union activity."

The case of Doyle is another example of the illegal and unscrupulous methods which continue to be used by reactionary employers and by certain departments of the government to disrupt and destroy the labor movement. It is actions such as these which threaten the successful completion of the defense program and which aid and abet the forces of Hitlerism in the United States.

Aid British Labor Week

George Gibson, chairman of the British Trade Union Congress, has made a special appeal to American labor in connection with the aid British Labor Week designated by Governor Lehman and other governors for July 14-20, upon the initiative of the American Labor Committee to Aid British Labor.

Mr. Gibson's appeal will receive universal support of labor and the general public here in the United States. It will meet with a warm response all the more because of the pact signed by Great Britain and the Soviet Union. Mutual assistance between those two countries cannot be limited to government and military relations, but must also include the cementing of friendship and co-operation between the great trade union movements of the Soviet Union and Great Britain. That such friendship is now being furthered is evidenced by Mr. Gibson's recent message of solidarity to Soviet Ambassador Maisky.

In the same way that Soviet and British labor are seeking cooperation, so the labor movement here in the United States should seek ties of solidarity with the unions of both Great Britain and the Soviet Union.

Aid British Labor Week will inspire American labor to feel still greater responsibility to see that the Administration's pledges of aid to the British-Soviet allies are filled without reservation and that the struggle against Hitlerism is prosecuted vigorously on both Eastern and Western fronts.

What Kind of Training Is This?

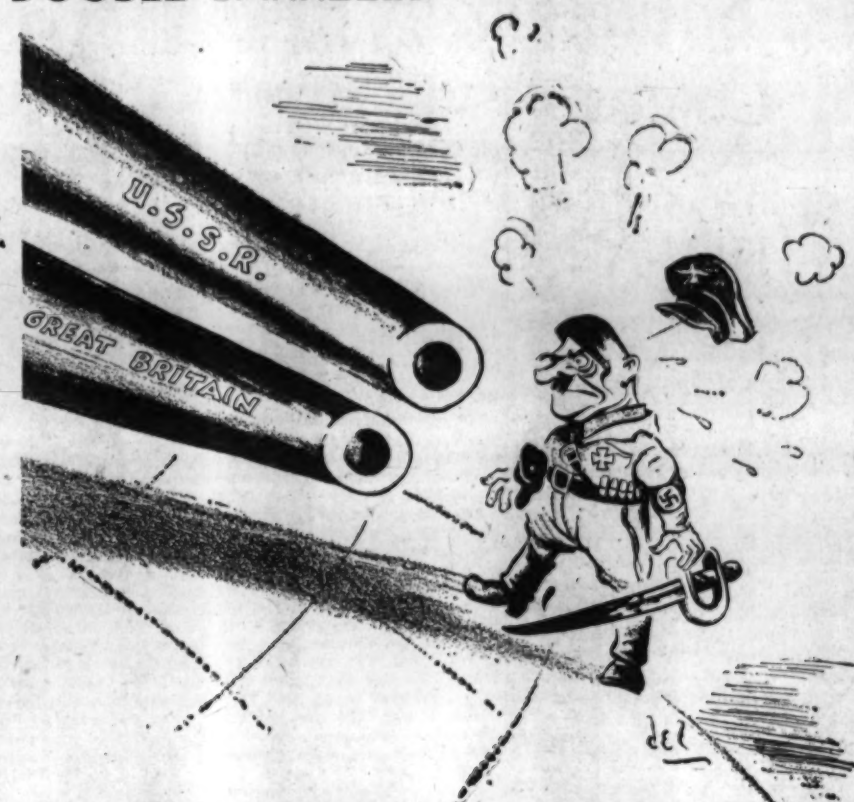
PM in a photograph calls attention to the way soldiers at Camp Edwards, Mass., are being taught how to break strikes.

This will deeply disturb the American people, who will immediately recognize that this is no way to prepare an army for national defense.

Large sections of the American people will remember the tragic lesson of France—how the French army, when it should have been resisting the Nazi invaders, was being sent out against the labor movement and the Communists.

America does not want to become a second France. It wants an army trained on democratic, anti-fascist principles. This means, in the first place, respect for and cooperation with the organized labor movement.

DOUBLE-BARRELED



How Norman Thomas and Waldman View the Menace of Hitlerism

By Milton Howard

The attack by Hitler upon the Soviet Union has, naturally, had a profound effect upon the thinking of workers under the influence of Social-Democratic or "Socialist" leaders.

No matter what their other differences with the Communists, these workers know one thing, that Hitler must be destroyed, and that the Red Army is delivering against German fascism the first effective blows it has ever experienced.

The arguments of Social-Democratic leaders in this moment should be studied and answered if the masses under their influence are to be won for the united front now so crucial in the fight against Hitler.

"Socialist" leaders have responded in various ways to the world-historic spectacle of the Nazi assault against the workers and farmers state.

Let us examine some of these responses.

THE NAZI DANGER

The position of the Waldman group, as expressed in the "New Leader" and by Waldman directly, is summed up in a New Leader editorial (July 5) under the naked headline, "No United Front!" This at once reveals the political goal, and indicates the opening which it provides for the enemies of the people. The Waldman argument is as follows:

"It (i.e. American democracy) is concerned, as a matter of American security and defense and as part of the world struggle against Nazi and fascist tyranny with the preservation and integrity of Russia and the liberation of the Russian people. A victorious Germany, dominating Russia's vast resources of wheat, oil and minerals, and an aggressive Japan in control of the Russian Far East would be a deadly peril to the security of this country."

Yet, the New Leader-Waldman group, after admitting the unity of interest of the Soviet and American peoples against Hitler, unleashes a torrent of abuse against that very unity which Hitler fears above everything else, and on the absence of which he has invariably counted to bring him victory.

FIGHTS UNITY

Having established that a victorious Nazi Germany would be a "deadly peril" to the United States, the New Leader proceeds to bring that "deadly peril" closer by flinging every possible obstacle in the way of the all-out destruction of Hitler. It first proclaims (what the Nazis will be glad to hear) that aid to the war on the eastern front "must of necessity be limited." This conception, not at all based on realities, immediately gives Hitler an advantage on which, no doubt, he had counted before he launched his aggression.

But not only does the Waldman group apparently agree to allow the Nazis this advantage; it goes further and presents a series of "conditions" which the United States should put to the Soviet Union as preconditions for even the "limited aid."

These conditions consist of a long list of political demands which in essence consist of a return of capitalism and a free hand to saboteurs and spies.

Having just demanded a complete change of the social system in the Soviet Union, Mr. Waldman then coolly warns that none of the "limited aid" even will be forthcoming unless there "is an end of the interference by Soviet Russia in the internal affairs of the United States."

Does it require very much experience to see that this platform of the New Leader-Waldman group, if allowed to affect events, will be

a guarantee that the Nazi "deadly peril" is given the precise advantage it is seeking? The slander of Soviet "interference" in the inner affairs of the United States is exactly the slander by which Hitler treacherly all over again. It is his main selling point among the Hoovers, Lindberghs, and Coughlins. It is, in fact, the keystone of the Axis claims to "saving the world from communism." It led to the disaster of the Vichy men, to the collapse of France. If pursued in America, it will unquestionably menace the United States with a repetition of the French debacle.

The workers in the organizations dominated, or influenced, by the New Leader and the Waldman group have got to grasp the dangerous folly of the New Leader's slogan "No united front!" It is the slogan which alone has given the Nazis their counterfeit victories over so many peoples and nations. The Waldman admission of the "deadly peril" of a Nazi victory must be directed firmly by the workers to the opposite conclusion—united action to aid all the enemies of the Nazis. This requires the creation of a single front against the Nazis, on the eastern and western fronts and not "limited" but full aid to both "Britain and the Soviet Union."

THOMAS'S MUNICHISM

The Norman Thomas and Trotskyite position corresponding more directly to the Hoover-Lindbergh circles of the extreme reaction, consists of a frontal attack on any mass movement to aid Hitler's antagonists. No aid to the foes of the Nazis—this sums up their position in practical terms after one pushes aside the elaborately "revolutionary" phraseology in which it is wrapped.

Both the Norman Thomasites and the Trotskyites picked Britain's victory as being "preferable" up to the moment when Hitler attacked the Soviet Union. From the instant that Hitler attacked the Soviet Union, however, these cliques leaped over to new positions calculated to harm the Soviet Union and aid the Nazis. Thus, the Norman Thomas group, which supported aid to Britain before Britain became associated with the Soviet Union against Hitler, now are fiercely opposed to any aid. Norman Thomas cannot escape the popular realization that the entrance of the Soviet Union has changed the character of the war. But whereas he saw "just factors" in the previous war, he now proclaims that it is precisely the attack on the Soviet Union that has made it an imperialist war in which he counterfeits his tacit collaboration with Hitler by the pretense of "neutrality."

Thus the Socialist Call (July 5) which in one form or another supported aid to Britain up to now, savagely declares:

"If anything were needed to emphasize the contention that the present war is not... a clear-cut struggle between democracy and dictatorship, the present line-up would perform that service."

It is the Nazi attack on the Soviet Union which has provided Norman Thomas with the final piece of evidence that America has no interest in the outcome of the struggle! The soul of Munich lingers at the reader from every syllable of this Thomas position, with Nazism as the "lesser evil."

It is not surprising then, that the Socialist Call reeks with every possible type of Munich innuendo aimed at smashing the mass movement for aid to Hitler's enemies. The whole typical Munich mythology is there.

We list some of them: "When people speak of a Hitler victory,

most of them have in mind a conquest of Britain. And yet it is quite possible that Hitler never had anything of the sort in mind... It is altogether possible that Hitler has turned his back on the task of invading Britain, and has decided to wage now the war which he always intended to wage anyway as soon as he felt his position secure in the west." (Socialist Call July 12.)

This is the notorious "let Hitler go east" criminality which has already cost mankind so bitter a penalty. The obvious truth is that Britain faces invasion by German fascism.

The Thomas paper drives brutally to its final directive: "There is nothing that America can do... that could interfere with or curtail Hitler's chances in the east." It is the same "let Hitler go east" trap. It is the actual acceptance of the Hitler claim to "save the world from communism." It is a welcome of that claim, and support for it. It is "Socialist" collaboration with German fascism against the Soviet Union in the style made notorious now by the Vichy men of France and the Munich men of Britain and the U. S.

Norman Thomas has become what we have warned he would—a "Socialist"-mouthing quelling working hand in glove with the starkest reaction in the United States.

TROTSKYITE SABOTAGE

The Trotskyites echo this position at almost every point, using their own particular dressing to go with it.

Their particular assignment is to elaborate the most disruptive arguments they can find, trimmed with gaudy "revolutionary" bait to catch the unwary. For example, their paper shrills that the Soviet Union must not accept the aid of the British and the U. S. on the western front because it is not "an imperialist government." Such "revolutionism" will be highly pleasing to Hitler's generals, not to mention that it makes a mockery of the axioms of Marxist-Leninist theory and practice. Imagine the Trotskyites, "known agents of fascism," tout an "argument" like that one.

It recalls the terrible days in Madrid when the Trotskyite fifth column opened the gates to Franco's treacherous "argument" that the Spanish masses must not form a peoples front to crush Franco because it would "include bourgeois republicans."

The Trotskyite poison takes the form that the Soviet Union must wait for collaboration until "there is a Soviet America;" only from a Soviet America some time in the future can aid be accepted. Till then, we shall have to allow Nazis a free hand in the attempted conquest of the Soviet Union. (Cheers from Hitler's High Command!)

The culminating cooperation which the Trotskyites deliver to the Nazis is their complete acceptance of Goebbels' propaganda that this is war concerning "communism," and not the clear defense of nations and peoples from aggression. Pretending to wage war for "communism," the Trotskyites cunningly seek to explode the unity of the anti-Hitler front and drive from it all those (that is, the majority) who do not yet believe in socialism, but are ready now to battle against Nazism. The whole tactic, nauseatingly garnished with "Socialist" phrases, fits in with direct fascist directives, and is aimed at preparing the rear for Nazi conquest by sabotaging the mass movement for aid to the anti-Hitler fight.

To crush Nazism, "Socialist" Munichism, in all its forms, must be overcome, and anti-Hitler unity established among the people.

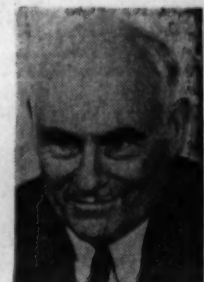
To Bob Minor

THE DAILY WORKER is especially glad to join in the congratulations to Robert Minor on his 57th birthday.

Bob Minor, as editor, writer, cartoonist, has made creative contributions to militant labor journalism which have aroused admiration everywhere.

Now carrying forward his responsibilities as acting secretary of the Communist Party, Bob Minor gives to the American working class and the people the benefit of the rich experience of his round-the-world battles against exploitation and oppression. Over the years, Bob Minor has struck blows at the enemy from many sides, as organizer, cartoonist, writer whose achievements are admired by craftsmen of every political conviction. Invariably, these blows have found their mark.

We share with the American working class the privilege of honoring this genial and indomitable Texan who knows how to face the oppressor's odds unafraid, and bring victory out of seeming defeat.



Letters From Our Readers

Camouflaged Fascist Sympathizers

New York, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The cause of fascism has powerful defenders in this country. They are operating night and day in an effort to forestall activities that might be effective in bringing about the defeat of fascism abroad or here at home.

Mr. Hanson W. Baldwin, military "expert" on the N. Y. Times, made particularly obvious the line of "let-no-body-do-anything" against Hitler. On July 12, Mr. Baldwin tried to paint as very dangerous for the British to land a force in Europe for an attack on the rear of the Nazis. "... only another Dunkerque or another Greece would be in preparation if the British invaded and were not able to maintain their foothold." But prior to this warning Mr. Baldwin stated quite emphatically that, "Not only planes, but the major part of the German ground troops, have been thrown into the tremendous theatre of war on the Russian front... which means that no more than fifty to ninety (divisions) occupy German-conquered territory."

Fifty to ninety divisions of German troops scattered over the large conquered area of Europe appear to Mr. Baldwin as a formidable force for the British to tackle at the very moment when the Nazis are receiving crushing blows at the hands of the Red Army!

A. G. D.

\$1.50 Per Day for Ten Hours' Work—Inhuman Exploitation of Farm Labor

Niobrara, Neb.

Editor, Daily Worker:

I wish to express to the very kind friend who extended our subscription to the Daily Worker our sincerest thanks.

The WPA project here closed July 1. White and Indian workers who were affected by the shut-down were told to seek work in the harvest fields at their own expense. We have a kulak here who owns 2,800 acres and who at once tried to exploit these discharged WPA workers by offering them \$1.50 for 10 hours' work without board. The pity is some are taking on this work at this price.

Why doesn't the government insist on at least a living wage for these people when it refuses to supply WPA work?

My friend who chipped in for the \$1 jackpot to the Daily Worker is out of work now. He has a wife and three children and another is expected soon. Now he doesn't know when to turn to get a job. Out here in the Middle West the defense program has not created jobs as we are not in factory centers.

The action of the Red Army is certainly awakening a lot of people to the fact that the Russians are not as dumb or ignorant as they were told by liars like Lindbergh and a few others.

L. W. L.

Comments on Accomplishments Of USSR Foreign Policy

New York, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

The wisdom of the foreign policy of the USSR stands fully unfolded. What did the Soviet-German non-aggression pact accomplish? The Soviet Union wanted to crush fascism. She wanted peace. Un to achieve the first, because the international Communists were playing a different game, i.e., to fascism to destroy Socialism, the Soviet Union, to credit, achieved the second.

This gave her nearly two years of decisive time which to prepare; it gave her an opportunity to see the internationally built springboard against her national security—the Mannerheim Line. She was to obtain shock-absorbing territory at other points; had almost two years in which to study the German blitz methods and to organize her defenses according to rendered bankrupt the Chamberlain government anti-Soviet game, as Britain became embroiled in battle for supremacy with Nazi Germany herself—it the course of which struggle she was forced to realize that she was mistaken in her dream of using German fascism to destroy Socialism, because Hitler was out to do a job not under and for somebody else, for a price, but to conquer and rule the whole world by himself.

Now the chances for fighting fascism are much greater.

A. S.

Pledge to Build Anti-Fascist People's Front

New York, N. Y.

Editor, Daily Worker:

After a thorough discussion of the statement of the National Committee of the Communist Party, we members of a branch of film workers enthusiastically endorse such a policy and pledge to redouble our efforts in all spheres to build a people's anti-fascist front that will smash the fascists for all time.

We promise to fulfill our quota for the Fund Drive in record time.

BRANCH E.